
Independent Study Course Syllabus

Course Number: MAT 913

Course Title: Great Mathematicians After 1700

Online Distance Learning

Instructor: Wilbert Reimer Phone number: (559) 255-2308 Email: wreimer@fresno.edu Website: www.pdcourses.com	Units: 3 Grade Level: 3-12
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Course Description

Students are consistently surprised and excited to discover that mathematics comes from real human beings like themselves. Much of the fear and apprehension towards mathematics is alleviated when students realize how it originated--usually from a real-life problem that needed solving.

As students hear stories about mathematicians and engage in problems similar to the ones these mathematicians worked with, they begin to see that all of mathematics is inter-connected. They discover that mathematics is, in fact, inter-connected with almost everything in our daily lives.

Implementing historical elements into the teaching of mathematics will

- excite students about mathematics.
- increase motivation and interest.
- help students gain an appreciation of the contributions of all cultures.
- provide an effective lead-in to a new area of study.
- provide many opportunities to utilize manipulatives and hands-on learning.
- show that mathematical accomplishment is not limited by race, ethnicity, gender or ability.
- show that people overcame prejudice, obstacles and pain to create mathematics.
- provide a natural way to integrate reading, writing, and other curricular areas.
- provide a bridge from the past to the future.
- help students see how mathematics has developed over the centuries.

In this course, teachers will read stories about mathematicians who lived after 1700. They will complete, design, and teach activities related to the mathematics those mathematicians developed. Course assignments ask participants to identify specific state or national standards addressed through the lessons presented. This course was developed to reinforce the Common Core State Standards and the NCTM (National Council of Teachers of Mathematics) Math Standards.

Course Dates:

Self-paced; students may enroll at any time and take up to one year to complete assignments.

You have up to one year from the date of registration, and no less than three weeks (one week per credit), to complete the course.

Course Materials

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Date of Revision 7/30/18

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Included texts for this course are:

Reimer, Luetta, and Wilbert Reimer. *Mathematicians Are People, Too*, Volumes 1 and 2. Palo Alto, CA: Dale Seymour Publications, 1990, 1994.

Reimer, Wilbert, and Luetta Reimer. *Historical Connections in Mathematics*, Volumes 1, 2, and 3. Fresno, CA: AIMS Education Foundation, 1992, 1993, 1994.

Included with the course instructions is an appendix of supplementary materials and resources. Information about Fresno Pacific University, the School of Professional Studies, and the instructor, plus details on course policies and procedures is also included.

Course Requirements

A. Assignments:

To complete this course satisfactorily, participants must submit

- 1) a short paper of insights from essay readings OR a list of recommended websites,
- 2) ten sets of discussion questions based on the stories selected for reading from *Mathematicians Are People, Too*,
- 3) photocopies of eight completed activities,
- 4) two lesson plans for teaching about a mathematician and his or her work,
- 5) an evaluation of the teaching* of one of the above lessons.

See the "Schedule of Topics and Assignments" for more details on these assignments.

All work should be typed and sent to the instructor at one time when the course is completed. Please make a copy of all work; work will not be returned. Students have one full year to finish the course but should not send completed work in less than three weeks from registration.

Send completed work by email attachments to: wreimer@fresno.edu

OR

Mail all the above items to:

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National Standards:

Common Core Standards for Mathematics

A. Problem Solving

Mathematically proficient students start by explaining to themselves the meaning of a problem and looking for entry points to its solution. They analyze givens, constraints, relationships, and goals.

B. Reasoning

Mathematically proficient students make sense of quantities and their relationships in problem situations.

C. Constructing Arguments

Mathematically proficient students understand and use stated assumptions, definitions, and previously established results in constructing arguments.

D. Modeling

Mathematically proficient students can apply the mathematics they know to solve problems arising in everyday life, society, and the workplace.

E. Using Strategic Tools

Mathematically proficient students consider the available tools when solving a mathematical problem.

F. Attending to Precision

Mathematically proficient students try to communicate precisely to others. They try to use clear definitions in discussion with others and in their own reasoning.

G. Using Structure

Mathematically proficient students look closely to discern a pattern or structure.

H. Expressing Repeated Reasoning

Mathematically proficient students notice if calculations are repeated, and look both for general methods and for shortcuts.

National Board for Professional Teaching Standards: Five Core Propositions

In addition to the content standards referenced above, this course supports the following core propositions that characterize National Board Certified Teachers (NBCTs).

Proposition I: Teachers are Committed to Students and Their Learning

- NBCTs are dedicated to making knowledge accessible to all students. They believe all students can learn.
- They treat students equitably. They recognize the individual differences that distinguish their students from one another and they take account for these differences in their practice.
- NBCTs understand how students develop and learn.
- They respect the cultural and family differences students bring to their classroom.
- They are concerned with their students' self-concept, their motivation and the effects of learning on peer relationships.

Proposition 2: Teachers Know the Subjects They Teach and How to Teach Those Subjects to Students.

- NBCTs have mastery over the subject(s) they teach. They have a deep understanding of the history structure and real-world applications of the subject.

- They have skill and experience in teaching it, and they are very familiar with the skills gaps and preconceptions students may bring to the subject.
- They are able to use diverse instructional strategies to teach for understanding.

Proposition 3: Teachers are Responsible for Managing and Monitoring Student Learning.

- NBCTs deliver effective instruction. They move fluently through a range of instructional techniques, keeping students motivated, engaged and focused.
- They know how to engage students to ensure a disciplined learning environment, and how to organize instruction to meet instructional goals.
- NBCTs know how to assess the progress of individual students as well as the class as a whole.
- They use multiple methods for measuring student growth and understanding, and they can clearly explain student performance to parents.

Proposition 4: Teachers Think Systematically about Their Practice and Learn from Experience.

- NBCTs model what it means to be an educated person—they read, they question, they create and they are willing to try new things.
- They are familiar with learning theories and instructional strategies and stay abreast of current issues in American education.
- They critically examine their practice on a regular basis to deepen knowledge, expand their repertoire of skills, and incorporate new findings into their practice.

Proposition 5: Teachers are Members of Learning Communities.

- NBCTs collaborate with others to improve student learning.
- They are leaders and actively know how to seek and build partnerships with community groups and businesses.
- They work with other professionals on instructional policy, curriculum development and staff development.
- They can evaluate school progress and the allocation of resources in order to meet state and local education objectives.

Learning Outcomes:

Participants in this course will be able to

1. identify and discuss some of the great mathematicians of the past and teach information about their contributions. (NBPTS Props, 1-5)
2. develop and experiment with a variety of approaches for implementing history into their mathematics classrooms. (CCSS a-h; NBPTS Props. 1, 2, 3 & 4)
3. design activities for classroom use. (CCSS a-h; NBPTS Props. 1, 2, 3 & 4)
4. articulate the importance of teaching mathematics from a historical perspective and gain creativity and self-assurance as these important concepts and truths are introduced to students. (NBPTS Props. 2, 3 & 4)
5. demonstrate how the activities are connected to a standards based curriculum. (NBPTS Prop. 5)

Schedule Of Topics And Assignments

A. Reading Component:

1. Read "Connecting Mathematics with Its History: A Powerful, Practical Linkage," and "Happy Birthday, Galileo!" found in the appendix.
2. Read 10 of the following stories found in *Mathematicians Are People, Too*, Volumes 1 and 2:

"The Blind Man Who Could See" (Euler)
 "The Gift of Simplicity" (Agnesi)
 "The Shy Sky Watcher" (Banneker)
 "The Professor Who Did Not Know" (Lagrange)
 "The Teacher Who Learned a Lesson" (Gauss)
 "Mathematics at Midnight" (Germain)
 "The Mystery of X and Y" (Somerville)
 "The Computer's Grandfather" (Babbage)
 "The Overlooked Genius" (Abel)
 "Don't Let My Life Be Wasted!" (Galois)
 "Conducting the Computer Symphony" (Lovelace)
 "The Lessons on the Wall" (Kovalevsky)
 "The Compass Points the Way" (Einstein)
 "Life on an Obstacle Course" (Noether)
 "Numbers Were His Greatest Treasure" (Ramanujan)
 "The Master Problem Solver" (Polya)

B. Activity Component:

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1. Identify three insights or ideas (in 200-300 words total) gained from the reading of the essays in the course appendix.

OR

Persons who have already completed MAT 912 are encouraged to use this alternative assignment: Identify and briefly describe three websites about the history of mathematics that you would recommend to your colleagues or students (one paragraph per site).

2. For each of the stories you select to read, create four questions that would test your students' listening and comprehension skills. If they know the reading in class will be followed by questions, students are more likely to listen carefully and to retain what they hear. Such questions also provide an opportunity to emphasize specific ideas and/or explain confusing concepts. You will have 10 sets of four questions. (See "Sample Reading Questions" in the course appendix.)
3. Choose *four* mathematicians from the "Mathematicians After 1700" list in the appendix. For each of the four mathematicians you have chosen, complete two activities from the three-volume *Historical Connections* set. The intent here is that you, as the teacher, should personally become familiar with some of the mathematics related to these mathematicians.

Photocopy the completed activities (a total of eight) and submit these with your coursework.

4. Building Lesson Units:
 - a. Design two units appropriate to your classroom setting and level. (See "Sample Lesson Unit" included in the course appendix.) Each unit should include (but is not limited to) the following four components:
 - 1) a statement of goals/objectives for the lesson.
 - 2) biographical or anecdotal information on the person under study.
 - 3) two activities to teach or reinforce learning of concepts. Use activities from the texts in this course, another appropriate resource, or create your own. Be imaginative as you design a learning experience likely to engage your students.
 - 4) one "connecting" element utilizing writing, art, drama, science, or some other curricular area. (See the list of "Suggested Connecting Activities" in the appendix or review the article, "Connecting Mathematics with its History" for ideas and examples.)
 - 5) a statement indicating which of the national or state standards in mathematics are addressed by the lesson.

- b. Teach* one of these units and evaluate* the experience. The evaluation should include (but is not limited to) the following elements:
- 1) Grade level and topic covered.
 - 2) How did students respond to the lesson? to the story or anecdote? to the activities?
 - 3) How did you measure the learning of your students?
 - 4) What would you do differently if you were to teach this lesson again?
 - 5) Did incorporating historical elements in mathematics teaching detract from or contribute to your regular curriculum? Explain.
 - 6) Other comments?

***Note:** If you wish to complete this course while you are *not* teaching,

prepare the lessons for future use in your classroom. If you prepare one additional lesson unit (for a total of three) you may omit the teaching and evaluation of the lesson (section b) without penalty.

Evidence of Learning:

- Instructor observed evidence of understanding of course objectives as demonstrated through student's reflective writing assignments. (Outcomes 1-4; Assignment B1)
- Instructor observed evidence of understanding mathematical terminology and procedures as demonstrated through student's completed activities. (Outcomes 1, 2 & 6; Assignments B2 & 3)
- Student demonstrated openness towards and creative use of a variety of learning methodologies and strategies. (Outcomes 1, 2, 3 & 4; Assignments B1-4)
- Student demonstrated his/her understanding of effective design of lesson plans. (Outcomes 3 & 4; Assignments B2 & 4)

- Student reflected the use of critical thinking skills (Outcomes 1, 2 & 4; Assignment B1)
- Student made connections to state content and/or professional teaching standards. (Outcome 5; Assignments B4)

Grading Policies and Rubric:

Grades will be determined using the following percentages:

Insights from readings OR list of recommended websites: 10%

Questions generated for ten stories: 30%

Eight completed activities: 10%

Classroom lesson plans for two stories: 40%

Evaluation* of teaching experience: 10%

Coursework is to be typed. Follow course instructions carefully.

Total scores determine the final grade:

90 - 100% = A

80 - 89% = B

79% or below = no credit

All coursework must reflect a minimum "B" quality to receive credit. The discernment between an A and a B is at the discretion of the instructor, based on the quality of work submitted (see assignment rubric). Participants may request either a letter grade (A or B) or credit (CR). Coursework falling short of a "B" or CR grade will be returned with

further instructions. Every person with a score of 80% or above will receive three semester units of credit.

Instructor/Student Contact

Students are warmly invited to contact the instructor at any time with concerns, questions, or comments related to course work. They are specifically asked to do after finishing A: Reading Component. At the completion of the course, the instructor will comment on the student's work and make suggestions, if needed.

Plagiarism and Academic Honesty

All people participating in the educational process at Fresno Pacific University are expected to pursue honesty and integrity in all aspects of their academic work. Academic dishonesty, including plagiarism, will be handled according to the procedures set forth in the Fresno Pacific University Catalogue. URL <http://www.fresno.edu>.

Scoring Rubric

Type of Assignment	90 – 100 points Exceptional	80 – 89 points Adequate	70 – 79 points Not Acceptable
Written responses	Student's written responses show an exceptional investment of time, energy and thoughtful reflection. The work submitted by the student is original and thorough. The student effectively organizes key insights and demonstrates evidence of interaction with the texts and exercises.	Student's written responses show an adequate investment of time, energy and thoughtful reflection. The work submitted by the student is complete, but lacks thoroughness and originality. The student sufficiently organizes insights and demonstrates evidence of interaction with the course activities.	Student's written responses show little investment of time, energy and thoughtful reflection. The work submitted by the student does not show adequate thought or effort.
Lesson Design	Lesson plans show an exceptional investment of time, energy and thoughtful reflection. Student consistently makes connections to local instructional goals/standards and implements research-based strategies and approaches.	Lesson plans show an adequate investment of time, energy and thoughtful reflection. Student makes some connections to local instructional goals/standards and research-based strategies and approaches.	Lesson plans submitted by the student do not show adequate thought or effort, and may not address specific goals.
Lesson evaluations	Student includes the use of critical thinking and reflection in the evaluation of lessons implemented.	Student includes the use of reflection in the evaluation of lessons implemented, but may lack sufficient detailed analysis.	Student does not demonstrate critical thinking or reflection in the evaluation of lessons implemented.
Presentation	Student effectively organizes key insights into a thoughtful and well-structured presentation.	Student includes several key insights in a presentation.	Student presentation lacks key insights.
Research	Research accesses multiple sources available via the internet. Web descriptions demonstrate thorough engagement with site information.	Research accesses sources available via the internet. Web descriptions demonstrate adequate engagement with site information.	Research fails to access sources available via the internet. Web descriptions demonstrate little engagement with site.

Final Course Grade and Transcripts

When all work for the course has been completed, students will need to logon to the Center for Professional Development website (<http://ce.fresno.edu/cpd>) to “Submit Grade Form”. Once the instructor fills out the grade form online, students may log back in to request their Grade Report as well as order transcripts online. Please allow at least two weeks for the final grade to be posted. For more information see the Independent Studies Policies and Procedures that were sent to you when you received your course materials, or in your online course. They are available, also at <http://ce.fresno.edu/cpd> - under General Information > CPD Policies.

CONTINUING EDUCATION PROGRAM STUDENT LEARNING OUTCOMES:

CE 1. Demonstrate proficient written communication by articulating a clear focus, synthesizing arguments, and utilizing standard formats in order to inform and persuade others, and present information applicable to targeted use.
CE 2. Demonstrate comprehension of content-specific knowledge and the ability to apply it in theoretical, personal, professional, or societal contexts.
CE 3. Reflect on their personal and professional growth and provide evidence of how such reflection is utilized to manage personal and professional improvement.
CE 4. Apply critical thinking competencies by generating probing questions, recognizing underlying assumptions, interpreting and evaluating relevant information, and applying their understandings to the professional setting.
CE 5. Reflect on values that inspire high standards of professional and ethical behavior as they pursue excellence in applying new learning to their chosen field.
CE 6. Identify information needed in order to fully understand a topic or task, organize that information, identify the best sources of information for a given enquiry, locate and critically evaluate sources, and accurately and effectively share that information.

FRESNO PACIFIC UNIVERSITY STUDENT LEARNING OUTCOMES

Student Learning Outcomes Oral Communication: Students will <i>exhibit</i> clear, engaging, and confident oral communication – in both individual and group settings – and will critically <i>evaluate</i> content and delivery components.
Written Communication: Students will <i>demonstrate</i> proficient written communication by <i>articulating</i> a clear focus, <i>synthesizing</i> arguments, and utilizing standard formats in order to <i>inform</i> and <i>persuade</i> others.
Content Knowledge: Students will <i>demonstrate</i> comprehension of content-specific knowledge

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and the ability to apply it in theoretical, personal, professional, or societal contexts.
Reflection: Students will <i>reflect</i> on their personal and professional growth and <i>provide evidence</i> of how such reflection is utilized to manage personal and vocational improvement.
Critical Thinking: Students will <i>apply</i> critical thinking competencies by <i>generating</i> probing questions, <i>recognizing</i> underlying assumptions, <i>interpreting</i> and <i>evaluating</i> relevant information, and <i>applying</i> their understandings to new situations.
Moral Reasoning: Students will <i>identify</i> and <i>apply</i> moral reasoning and ethical decision-making skills, and <i>articulate</i> the norms and principles underlying a Christian world-view.
Service: Students will <i>demonstrate</i> service and reconciliation as a way of leadership.
Cultural and Global Perspective: Students will <i>identify</i> personal, cultural, and global perspectives and will employ these perspectives to <i>evaluate</i> complex systems.
Quantitative Reasoning: Students will accurately <i>compute</i> calculations and symbolic operations and <i>explain</i> their use in a field of study.
Information Literacy: Students will <i>identify</i> information needed in order to fully understand a topic or task, <i>explain</i> how that information is organized, <i>identify</i> the best sources of information for a given enquiry, <i>locate</i> and critically <i>evaluate</i> sources, and accurately and effectively <i>share</i> that information.